

CZ-3-2018

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY B.Pharm. (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2018

PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY-I

(Dosage Form Design-I)

(Friday, 20-4-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time-Two Hours

Maximum Marks-50

N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Answer to the point.

1. Solve any five of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) Enlist different methods of recording melting point of drug.
- (b) Give examples of penetration enhancers for topical preparations.
- (c) Why manitol is added in chewable tablet as a diluent.
- (d) Why is surfactants added in capsule fill?
- (e) Give examples of enteric coating film former.
- (f) Enlist various sizes and filling capacity of EHG capsules.
- (g) Why there is need to coat the tablet?
- 2. Solve any four of the following:

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) Explain various defects in film coating.
- (b) Why are both citric acid and tartaric acid used in effervescent tablet?
- (c) Why only demineralised water is used in preparation of gelatin capsule?
- (d) Enlist different types of ointment bases and write about absorption bases.
- (e) Write about plasticizers used in soft gelatin capsule.
- (f) Give examples of drugs degradation by the following pathways:
 - (1) Racemisation
 - (ii) Polymerisation
 - (iii) Epimerisation.

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3. Solve any four of the following:

 $7 \times 4 = 28$

- (a) Explain unofficial tests for tablet evaluation.
- Give fundamental and derived properties of drug. Explain any one (b) properties in detail.
- Design formula for paracetamol tablet. Give methods of prepration. Give (c) reasons for using some.
- (d) Explain weight variation test for capsule as per IP and BP.
- Explain advantages and disadvantages of topical dosage forms. (e)
- (f) Explain manufacturing process involved in soft gelatin capsule.



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FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY B.Pharm. (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2018

PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY—II

(Monday, 23-4-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time—2 Hours

Maximum Marks-50

- N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
 - (iv) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Solve any five of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) Define Bloom strength of gelation.
- (b) Draw labelled diagram of fludized bed granulator.
- (c) Give the importance of diewall lubrication in the compression of tablet.
- (d) Define the following terms:
 - (i) Saft gelatin capsule
 - (ii) Poisson ratio.
- (e) Enlist IPQC test for capsules.
- (f) Give the advantages of tablet coating.
- (g) Write the importance of packaging in pharmaceutical industry.
- 2. Solve any four of the following:

 $4 \times 3 = 12$

- (a) Explain the rationale of granulation in tablet manufacturing.
- (b) Give USP weight variation test for capsule.

- (c) Explain in short drug plastic considerations in packaging of pharmaceutical products.
- (d) How to determine friability of tablets?
- (e) Give the construction and working of standard coating pan.
- (f) Differentiate between Hard gelatin capsule and soft gelatin capsule.
- 3. Solve any four of the following:

- (a) Explain in detail about the tablet compression mechanism with schematic representation.
- (b) Describe in detail about rheological considerations of semisolid topical preparations.
- (c) Explain manufacturing procedure of gelatin.
- (d) How to correct the following tablet manufacturing defects?
 - (i) Copping and lamination
 - (ii) Double impression.
- (e) Explain in detail USP-I and USP-II dissolution test apparatus.
- (f) Explain in detail about strip packaging and blister packaging.



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FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES

B.Pharm. (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2018

MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY—I

(Wednesday, 25-4-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time-2 Hours

Maximum Marks-50

N.B. := (i) All the questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Answer any five of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) Write classification of antipsychotic agents with example.
- (b) Draw structure and give IUPAC name of Diazepam.
- (c) Write chemical class and category of:

- (d) Write True/False:
 - (i) Agents used to induce vomiting forcefully are known as antitussives.
 - (ii) Sedatives are the drugs that produce sleep similar to that of natural sleep.
- (e) Match the following pairs:

Name of Drug Duration of Action (1) Phenobarbital Intermediate acting (a) (2) Hexobarbital (b) Short acting (3) Pentobarbital Untrashort acting (c) (4) Thiopental Long acting (d)

- (f) Write example of inhalation anaesthetics
 - (i) Liquid and
 - (ii) Gas.
- (g) Write chemical synthesis of Lignocaine.
- 2. Answer any four of the following:

 $4 \times 3 = 12$

- (a) Draw structure and give IUPAC name of:
 - (i) Chlordiazepoxide
 - (ii) Imipramine.
- (b) Write chemical synthesis of Ketamine.
- (c) Define hallucinogens and anxiolytic agents.
- (d) Write MOA of local anaesthetics.
- (e) Write biosynthesis of Ach with structures.
- (f) Draw the structure of medical compound containing the following Heterocyclic nucleus:
 - (i) Xanthine
 - (ii) Barbituric acid.
- 3. Answer any four of the following:

 $4 \times 7 = 28$

- (a) Discuss SAR of phenothiazines.
- (b) Write chemical synthesis of:
 - (i) Carbamazepine and
 - (ii) Haloperidol.
- (c) Write classification of anticonvulsants with structure of at least one drug from each class.
- (d) Discuss SAR of 4, 5-epoxymorphinans.
- (e) Discuss physicochemical properties which affects the drug action.
- (f) Write about biosynthesis, release and metabolism of NA.

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FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY B. Pharm. (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2018

NEUROPHARMACOLOGY

(Friday, 27-4-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks-50

- N.B. := (i)All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii)Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - Draw appropriate diagrams or charts wherever necessary. (iii)(iv)
 - Answer to the point only.
- Solve any five of the following: 1.

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- Define anxiolytics. Give any two examples. (a)
- (b) What is Neurotransmitter? Give any two examples.
- Write therapeutic uses of caffeine. (c)
- Enlist various centrally acting muscle relaxants. (d) (e)
- Write therapeutic uses of pethidine.
- What are antigout drugs? (f)
- Write therapeutic uses of diazepam. (g)
- Solve any four of the following: 2.

- Write therapeutic uses of ethyl alcohol. Write alcohol withdrawal (a) syndrome.
- (b) Write mechanism of action of Tiagabin.
- Discuss requirements of ideal hypnotics. (c)
- Classify drugs used in the treatment of parkinsonism. (d) (e)
- Classify barbiturates on the basis of their duration of action with appropriate example.
- Classifyt drugs action as central nervous stimulants with appropriate (f)

3. Solve any four of the following:

- (a) What is antiepileptic drug? write pharmacology of sodium valproate.
- (b) What are anti-depressants? Write pharmacology of tricyclic antidepressant giving any *one* example.
- (c) Define analgesic. Classify analgesics and antipyretics. Write mechanism of action of salicylates.
- (d) Define general anaesthetic. Discuss pharmacology of diethyl ether.
- (e) Discuss neurohumoral transmission in CNS.
- (f) What is pain? Write pharmacology of morphine.



(f)

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FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY

B. Pharmacy (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE, 2018

PHYSICO-ELECTRO ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE

(Wednesday, 2-5-2018) Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon Time-2 Hours Maximum Marks-50 N.B. := (i)All questions are compulsory. Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. (ii)(iii) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary. 1. Solve any five of the following: 10 State Archimedes principle. (a) Give the formula for the calculation of: (b) Molar refraction (i) (ii)Specific refraction. Give applications of phase solubility analysis. (c) What do you mean by Antibody affinity? (d) What is the effect of temperature on conductance? (e) State Ilkovic equation. (f)Give function of reference electrode in potentiometer. (g) Solve any four of the following: 12 (a) Give principle of Differential Scanning Calorimetery. (b) Give advantages and disadvantages of dropping mercury electrode. (c) Describe double antibody technique used in RIA. Why is a platinisation of electrodes done? (d) Describe the types of pychometer. (e)

P.T.O.

Symmetry compounds are optically inactive. Justify.

3. Solve any four of the following:

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- (a) Write Snell's law. Explain the instrumentation of Abbe refractometer.
- (b) Sketch and explain phase solubility diagram for O_2 component mixture.
- (c) Explain different types of conductometric titration.
- (d) Give principle and instrumentation of amperometry.
- (e) Write construction, working and applications of standard hydrogen electrode.
- (f) Give the applications of polarimetry.

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This question paper contains 2 printed pages]

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FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY B.Pharm. (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION

MAY/JUNE, 2018

PHYTOCHEMICAL APPROACHES OF NATURAL PRODUCTS

(Friday, 4-5-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time-2 Hours

Maximum Marks-50

- N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
 - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Solve any five of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) Define extraction and give the types.
- (b) Give the biological source and uses of musk.
- (c) Give the chemical constituents and uses of Aloe.
- (d) Give the biological source and chemical constituents of Ginseng.
- (e) Give the uses of squill and Rhubarb
- (f) Give the chemical constituents of Dioscorea and cascara.
- (g) Give the morphological characteristics of Eucalyptus.
- 2. Solve any four of the following:

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) Give the biological source, chemical constituents and uses of liquorice.
- (b) Write chemical constituents, uses and adulterants of Digitalis.
- (c) Give the biological source and uses of sandalwood oil and Ammi majus.
- (d) Write a note on preparation of herbarium.
- (e) Explain infusion and decoction.
- (f) Explain the histological characteristics of Dill.

3. Solve any four of the following:

- (a) Give the biological source, chemical constituents, microscopy and uses of cardamom and cinnamon.
- (b) Give the biological source, chemical constituents, microscopy and uses of coriander and caraway.
- (c) Discuss the adulterants with specific chemical tests and uses of clove and senna.
- (d) Give the chemical constituents, adulterants and macroscopic characteristics of fennel and Nutmeg.
- (e) Describe in detail maceration and percolation.
- (f) Write a note on authentication of plant material.

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FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES

B. Pharm. (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION

MAY/JUNE, 2018

IMMUNOLOGY

Paper (BPH-57)

(Tuesday, 8-5-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time-2 Hours

Maximum Marks-50

- N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any five of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) Draw structure and function of IgM.
- (b) What is innate immunity?
- (c) Draw structure of antibody.
- (d) What is primary immunodeficiency?
- (e) Contrast sign, symptoms and syndrome.
- (f) Define epidemiology.
- (g) What is Atopy?
- 2. Solve any four of the following:

 $4 \times 3 = 12$

- (a) Explain stages of infectious diseases.
- (b) Define inflammation. Write the process of acute inflammation.
- (c) Give the general properties of Immune responses.

- (2)
- (d) Describe localised and generalized Anaphylaxis.
- (e) How and why transplant rejection occurs?
- (f) Describe Immune complex hypersensitivity.
- 3. Solve any four of the following:

- (a) How does hemolytic diseases of the newborn arise? How can it prevented?
- (b) What is hypersensitivity? Explain Type-I hypersensitivity.
- (c) Describe modes of disease transmission.
- (d) What is Interferon? Give role of interferon in molecular defences mechanism.
- (e) (i) Explain Koch's postulates with its limitations.
 - (ii) Explain primary and secondary immune responses.
- (f) (i) Distinguish between Biological and mechanical vectors.
 - (ii) How do active and passive immunity differ?



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FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY B.Pharm. (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE, 2018

PHARMACOLOGY OF HORMONES

(BPH-58)

(Sati	ırda	y, 12-5-2018) Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon
Time	2—2	Hours Maximum Marks—50
N.B.	:	(i) All questions are compulsory.
		(ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
		(iii) Answer to the point only.
1.	An	swer the following (any five):
	(a)	Define anti-platelet agents and write its examples.
	(<i>b</i>)	Write therapeutic uses of Vassopressin.
	(c)	Define arterial flutters and arterial fibrillation.
	(<i>d</i>)	What are carditonics? Give its examples.
	(<i>e</i>)	Write examples of thiazide diuretics.
	(f)	Write the physiological role of androgen.
	(g)	Write the physiological significance of parathyroid hormone.
2.	An	swer the following (any four):
	(a)	Write a note on oral contraceptives.
	(<i>b</i>)	Define and classify anti-anginal agents with examples.
	(c)	Write on physiological role of insulin on controlling diabetes mellitus.
	(<i>d</i>)	Write on drug therapy for erectite dysfunction.
	(e)	Write therapeutic uses and adverse effects of amlodipine.
	(f)	Explain the pharmacology of Furosemide.

3. Answer the following (any four):

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- (a) Write on pharmacology of cortisol.
- (b) What are oral hypoglycemic agents? Classify them with examples and give pharmacology of glebendamide.
- (c) Explain Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone system.
- (d) Give an account on synthesis, storage and release of thyroxin and triiodothyronine hormone.
- (d) Write the pharmacology of amyl nitrate
- (f) Write on management of female infertility.

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